

No. 16,828.

號七月九年五十壹百九千壹英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1915

卯乙亥歲年四國民華中

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AN AUSTRIAN FAIRY TALE.
£125,000,000 Sunk by Germany.

The Vienna "Allgemeine Zeitung" which has close relations with the Austrian Foreign Office, has the following story: "Britain promised Italy a loan of £125,000,000 if she would attack Austria-Hungary. But the Italians have never received the money. The English declare that they sent it long ago but that the ship carrying the gold was sunk by a German submarine. The Italians however, refuse to believe this story."
"Well, only a Vienna paper would believe it!" remarks the Austrian Socialist paper "Arbeiter Zeitung," reproducing the story.

TRAGEDY OF ARMENIA.

Wholesale Massacres.
Turkish Atrocities.

The "Notre Vremya" has received the following details of the abominable massacres of Armenians by the Turks as they came to the knowledge of the Russian troops in the country of which they have already obtained possession, says a Petrograd message of July 22nd. It appears that all the men had their throats cut, while all the women and girls were carried off by the Kurds or by Turkish officials. The atrocities committed by the Turks in the little region of the Diarbekir, after massacring the entire male population in this region the Turks collected nine thousand women and children from the surrounding villages and herded them into Bitlis. Two days later they drove them down to the Tigris, where they shot the whole nine thousand and threw their bodies into the river.
On the "Euphrates" the Turks cut the throats of over a thousand Armenians and threw their bodies into the river. At the same time orders were issued to four battalions to march to the valley of Mush and put to death the twelve thousand Armenian inhabitants of that region. According to the latest reports this massacre has already begun.

The Armenians are resisting, but owing to lack of ammunition they are sure to be exterminated by the Turks. All the Armenians in the Diarbekir region have similarly been massacred.

Owing to the demands of the army, the civil hospitals are faced with a serious shortage of doctors. The matter was referred to at a conference held at Charing Cross Hospital, when it was stated that in all probability the crisis which now existed in many of the smaller hospitals would become more acute as time went on. One important suggestion, made by Sir William Collins, was that all "antiquated objections" standing in the way of utilising women doctors, graduates of India, and Colonial medical men must disappear. The suggestion regarding Indians and Colonials has crossed great interest. Dr. J. Cantile also thought the door should be opened to Indian students and Colonial medical men to fill the vacancies. There were coloured doctors at the present time who were looking for work, and they should be admitted if they held degrees.

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Paid up Capital £2,437,500

II—Fire Funds £3,895,116

III—Life & Annuity Funds £1,138,160

Sinking Fund Account £8,612

£22,561,268

Revenue Fire Branch £2,567,153

Life and Annuity 1,973,263

Revenue Marine Department £82,692

Other Receipts 430,193

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The first (1913) edition is already issued.

Biographies of over 5,000 people

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The registered postage is 18 sen, to Korea

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It is a GOOD ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

Many influential papers of the world

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For example, "The Daily Mail" says:-

"Yet another 'Who's Who' and this

time from Japan! The reader is apt at

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that the East has now become Western

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"Who's Who in Japan" is far more than

a curiosity; it is a very sound and useful

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Mr. Kuriki is a skilful editor and has done

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Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.

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Lea & Perrins
The Original & Genuine
WORCESTERSHIRE

OUR YOUNGEST Y.C.
Youth of Eighteen Who Rallied a
Detachment.

Second Lieutenant George Raymond Dallas Moore, on whom the King has conferred the Victoria Cross for conspicuous bravery and resource at the Dardanelles by taking command and rallying a detachment of a neighbouring battalion which had lost all its officers, thereby stemming the retirement and recapturing a lost trench, is possibly the youngest officer ever to receive this coveted decoration.

He is only eighteen years of age, and less than twelve months ago was at school. He is the son of Mr. William Henry Moore, who for seventeen years was a member of the Royal Artillery, and at the close of the War was transferred to the Transvaal as Assistant Colonial Secretary, and afterwards became the Transvaal Auditor-General.

The resourceful young officer, says the Telegraph, came to England in 1910 to be educated at Cheltenham College, and in October received a commission in the 11th Devonshire Regiment, being afterwards transferred to the 2nd Hampshire Regiment. Only a few days after his brave act won for him the V.C., his name appeared in the list of officers wounded at the Dardanelles.

BRITISH TRANSPORT'S ESCAPE.
Saved from Submarine by Aeroplane.

"The 'Matin' relates, on the authority of one of its special correspondents at the Dardanelles, how a French aviator saved a British transport from being torpedored by a German submarine.

The aviator, flying at a great height, suddenly observed a dark form beneath the water, and, coming down to within about three hundred feet, was able to distinguish a submarine making straight for a British transport carrying munitions and troops.

The alarm was promptly given by wireless from the aeroplane, but, pending the arrival of destroyers, there was need for prompt action.

The aviator came down further and dropped several bombs. These, unfortunately, did not strike the submarine, but compelled it to plunge. A minute later the periscope reappeared.

The aviator, who had ascended slightly, again descended and threw two more bombs. This time the submarine disappeared altogether.

DURATION OF THE WAR.
The Views of Well-Known Public Men.

An illustrated home paper, has elicited the views of a number of well-known public men on the question of the duration of the war, and a number of these, shortly summarised, are set forth below.

Mr. F. T. Joyce—This eminent naval expert takes a somewhat gloomy view and believes that this war, being one of desperate fighting, may go on, saving the unprovoked, for generations.

Mr. Chichester-Murray—Foresees a long campaign and urges full steam preparation, and an absolute blockade of Germany as imperative to eventual victory.

Mr. H. W. Wilson—Is not hopeful of victory within two years without compulsory service.

Major-General Sir Alfred Turner—Thinks the Germans will not endure another winter campaign. According to his view, the autumn will see the downfall of the Teutons.

Mr. Jerome K. Jerome—Thinks that the beginning of the end will be when Britain can maintain two million troops in the field.

Mr. F. A. McKenzie—Foresees a three years' struggle, not being of opinion that any plans contemplated by the belligerents could bring the war to a speedy termination.

Com. Bellairs, R.N., M.P.—Is of the opinion that at present rate of wastage the German forces will, politically, be broken in December, but war may continue until the summer of 1916.

Sir James H. Yoxall, M.P.—Thinks that Christmas will see the dawn of peace. According to his view, the collapse of industrialism in Germany will greatly help the Allies' cause.

Sir Charles W. Macara—The late President of the Master Cotton Spinners is emphatic that the mobilisation of the nation's resources is the only way to exterminate the Prussian scourge within a reasonable time.

Mr. Walter Funnell—Does not believe in a short war, though he is of the opinion that conscription would ensure a speedier termination and also solve the problem of the supply of munitions.

THE FORTUNE OF A MISER.
RAGS AND VALUABLE PROPERTY.

An amazing miser story is reported from Madrid.

A few months ago there died in the Spanish capital at No. 3 Rue Saint Marco, a man about sixty years old named Romagosa, who in the opinion of his neighbours and few friends was poor.

He and his wife lived a miserable life. They both dressed almost in rags, and the old man spent most of his time in prayer in the church. With the couple lived Romagosa's aged mother, who had an ever more miserable appearance. The old woman used to go every morning to the market to buy food, but generally she returned with her basket filled with odds and ends which she picked up on the ground in the market.

What no one ever imagined was that the miserable-looking Romagosa was one of the richest men in Madrid, and that he possessed a wealth which was more considerable than that of the Dukes of Seville and that he was a richer man than the Count of Romanones, the Spanish ex-Franchise Minister.

Romagosa's fortune, including money in the banks, bonds, properties in Spain, France, Cuba, Argentina, Chile, amounted to 170 millions of pesetas (about £2,700,000).

Romagosa had large sums of money and considerable quantities of bonds deposited in London banks, at the Bank of France, and in several Spanish banks. He owned a magnificent house in the Champs Elysees in Paris, which itself is valued at £40,000. One shop in the ground floor of this house is also rented for £2,000 a year.

FORTUNE LEFT TO HEIRS.
By his will Romagosa has left his whole fortune to the Bishops of Madrid, Barcelona, and Buenos Ayres.

His miserly habits have caused him to be the subject of much gossip, and his death will go to the three Bishops, in equal parts.

The executors are the Bishop of Madrid and the dead man's wife. But the widow has disappeared, since her husband's death, after going for a few days to Sarria, near Barcelona.

The Bishop of Madrid has written to her several letters asking her to come to Madrid to look after the property together with him, but she made no reply.

It is rumoured that the widow is determined to fight the will, but the Bishop it is said, would in this case use his influence to persuade the woman to drop the case or come to an agreement.

MODERN HOSPITALS FOR CANTON.

According to the China Press, Canton will soon have two more large modern hospitals in operation. One is authorised by the Provincial Government, while the other is supported by private subscriptions.

The Canton Government Hospital, to be located in the former Bureau of Education Buildings in the ancient city, was founded by the Government at the suggestion of Mr. George Li Rao yun, who himself contributed the first \$10,000 for the building.

The superintendent of this new hospital will be Dr. Louis Huch, a former head of the military hospital. This doctor is a graduate of the medical department of the University of Oregon, and is the best known physician and surgeon now in Canton.

Another big hospital to be inaugurated in Canton is the Canton West Hospital and Medical College. This will occupy a large building on the East Bund of the city and be directed by a private association in which a former salt commissioner and several well-known merchants and physicians are interested.

This hospital will be in charge of Dr. Andrew Wu Gwynson, who will be assisted by a large and efficient staff, including Dr. Y. F. Go, an expert in eye diseases, who had a special training and study in the Bordeaux University; and Dr. T. C. Leung, a dentist, who himself is the head of a dental college and vice-president of the Dental Association of China.

NERVOUS DISEASES.
Terrible Picture from Germany.

A neutral correspondent of the Information, who travelled lately in Germany describes a visit to one of the numerous sanatoria for nervous cases. He points out that nervous troubles, suicide and madness are much more frequent among the Kaiser's troops than in any other army. He was shown over a sanatorium at Ulm, where it was terrible to see, "a vision from Dante's Inferno." Here are patients who, if they do not die in twenty-four hours, recover, but the recovery is slow. Seventy-five per cent. of those affected by this strange disease are, it is interesting to remark, smokers.

Others, when at the mouth, cause God, the Emperor, the Father and, get cut, and so far as the strait waistcoat permits them. Others, with ghastly grins, imitate the whistles of whistles and the clatter of machine guns. Many such sanatoria are established throughout Germany. The worst of it is, said the Director of the Hospital, that such nervous diseases principally affect intellectuals, the officers and the flower of the German troops.

RELIGIOUS.
HAVE you ever tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism? If not you are wasting time. As the longer this disease runs on the harder it is to cure. Get Chamberlain's today. Apply it with a vigorous massage to the affected parts and you will be surprised and delighted at the relief obtained. For sale by all chemists and druggists.

15 VARIETIES.
ALL DELICIOUS AND APPETISING
GAME, HAW, CHICKEN AND TONGUE, ETC. ETC.

Prepared by a celebrated Chef under most conditions of cleanliness and selection.

IN GLASS, TINS AND WHITE JARS.

ONE OF THE BEST OF
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CELEBRATED TABLE DELICACIES.

AGENTS FOR LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

The Best Remedy known for
COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by all Chemists.
Price in England: 1/11, 2/9, 4/6.

The Most valuable Remedy ever discovered. Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS, CHOLERA, and all other fatal diseases. **FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.**

The only Palliative for **NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE.**

Sole Manufacturers: **J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd.,** London, S.E.

THE CAPITAL OF INDIA.
Removal of Foundation Stones.

Delhi, August 9th.—An interesting incident of the recent visit of H. E. the Viceroy to Delhi was the removal of their permanent resting place. The removal of two stones laid by Queen Victoria, the King Emperor and Queen Empress to commemorate the foundation of the new Capital of India. These stones, it will be remembered, were placed temporarily in the first instance in the Durrani Camp, the precise site for New Delhi not having then been chosen. In laying them, His Majesty said: "It is my desire that the planning and designing of the public buildings to be erected will be considered with the greatest deliberation and care so that the new creation may be in every way worthy of this ancient and beautiful city." This has been done in Government House and the Secretariat that are under construction at Raisina, which has, therefore, been chosen for the location of what so closely connects Their Majesties with the new city.

THE BANK OF CHINA.
Capital increased by \$20,000,000.

The Bank of China started business with a capital of \$10,000,000. As the volume of business is expanding rapidly, the authorities of the Bank recommended the increase of the capital. The recommendation was discussed and approved at a conference held in the Administrative Headquarters. It was decided to increase the capital by \$20,000,000. Of this amount, \$10,000,000 will be appropriated by the Government, and the other \$10,000,000 will be issued as shares to the public. The Ministry of Finance reports to the President that the Government appropriation of \$10,000,000 should be made out of the receipts from the sale of public properties, which up to the present has come to the figure of \$20,000,000. The proposal has been sanctioned by the President. The regulations regarding the issue of shares to the public have also been submitted to the President and will soon be promulgated.

TO LET.
HARPERVILLE, GARDEN ROAD, Seven Rooms, very large Dining Room, immediate possession, house in excellent order, tennis court and garden.

Apply
PERCY SMITH, SETH & FLEMING,
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FROM 1st September, that part of the Building known as "STINE HENGE" No. 5 Robinson Road now in the occupation of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, particularly suitable for a Boarding House.

Apply to
DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.,
Hongkong, August 10, 1915. 682

TO LET.
FROM 1st September, that desirable 6, 7 and 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

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THE DIARY.

MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW.

9 a.m.—Kowloon, Victoria and Peak
Schools re-open.

General Memoranda.

THURSDAY, Sept. 9—

9 a.m.—Duncan Girls' School re-opens.

SATURDAY, Sept. 11—

Noon.—Auction of a Motor Cycle at
Messrs. Hughes and Houghton's.
3.30 p.m.—Fourth Gymkhana Meeting
at Race Course. Hippy Valley.

MONDAY, Sept. 13—

9 a.m.—French Convent School at
Wanchai re-opens.
5.30 p.m.—Royal H.K. Yacht Club's
Extraordinary Meeting.
8.30 p.m.—Organ Recital at St. John's
Cathedral.

FRIDAY, Sept. 17—

Noon.—Douglas Steamship Company
Meeting.

SATURDAY, Sept. 18—

9 p.m.—Police Messes Concert in
Esplanade Gardens.

country to another and are trying to get a hearing for sensible talk. We do not consider their attempts sincere or their reasons well founded, for if we could rely on the good-will of men this war would never have broken out. Nor do we have the realization of peace because the men who made the war have had enough of it. Even now we can not explain what is driving men to cry for peace with so great and fervent a hope. Something drives them like the ebb of the ocean towards the idea of peace, towards the idea that peace must be made now. This feeling is ripe in the souls of our enemies too. We are certain that never has a writer's pen served a more humane cause than in the attempts to quicken these longings.

Another Budapest paper complains that the Hungarian people were not consulted, and assails the Government. "When they declared war they did not ask the people if they agreed; they did not care a jot whether the people gave their consent or not. Now it is about time to speak for peace, and as the entire people want peace those in power ought at once to recognize the wishes of the people."

In France there have been discreet articles in the *Paris Gaulois*, *Figaro*, and *Echo de Paris*, and while peace would be welcome, they say, it is hopeless to look for it until Germany has been crushed. The same sentiments are expressed by the *Tar* in an Imperial receipt addressed to M. Gorenkyin and published in the *Petrograd Novoye Vremya*, where he says: "The enemy must be crushed, for without that peace is impossible."

The London *Morning Post* takes the same line, but hopes that internal conditions in Germany may assist. "The masses in Germany undoubtedly want peace; for the time being, however, they are compelled to work for the realization of peace as it has been conceived by their Prussian rulers, that is to say, a peace that shall be dictated by a Prussian despot to a conquered and humiliated Europe. The development of the political situation in Germany depends largely on the question whether the people realize or do not realize that the peace for which Prussianism is striving would bring them no comfort, repose, or happiness."

It appears to us that at present peace talk is premature. The colossal conceit of the Germans will require many more effective rebuffs than it has yet received before even the initial stages leading to peace can be reached. The economic condition of Germany during the next six months will doubtless prove the decisive factor.

OBITUARY.

MR. J. F. PEARMAN.
Mr. J. F. Pearnan, who was head of the firm of Wisner and Co., Shanghai has died at Hancock Point in the State of Maine. He acted for several years on the Committee of the American Association of China, and interested himself in several other local public bodies. He was one of the American Treaty Commissioners which negotiated the Treaty signed at Shanghai in 1902. His widow was a daughter of Dr. Yates, who came out to China as a missionary before the Civil War.

THE WAR STRENGTH OF GERMANY.

Casualties Estimated at
2,000,000.

During the hearing of the claims by the Crown for the condemnation of four Scandinavian vessels and their cargoes in the Prize Court on Monday (Aug. 2) the Solicitor General read an affidavit sworn by Major Dillon, of the War Office, which contains German statistics of great interest. Major Dillon gave an estimate of the number of persons who could not be regarded in the view of the Crown as "civilian population" because of their dependence on direct support from the German Government. He put forward the following figures:—

	Men.
Under arms on both fronts	4,000,000
In training	750,000
On the railways	750,000
Employed in Europe and other munition factories	750,000
Engaged in coal mines and in clothing and other factories	2,000,000
Total	8,000,000

Major Dillon computes the casualties of the German Army, including constant temporary wastage, at 2,000,000 men.

On these figures and on those showing the number of separation allowances, the Solicitor General came to the conclusion that about 20,000,000 people, or, may be more, dependent in the last resort on rations from the State.

THE SHAUKIWAN MURDER.

POLICE COURT PROCEEDINGS.

A Chinese was charged before Mr. Lind-sell at the Magistrate's today with the murder of a woman at Shauiwan on September 4.

The case for the police was that about 12.30 a.m. on September 4 accused got into the house by climbing through the smoke-hole and using a rope to get into the kitchen, where he fell on some crockery. The noise awoke the inmates—a man, a woman and a young boy—who got up and saw the man coming out of one of the rooms carrying a chopper. The woman went forward and as she stepped on the man's hand, he cut her on the arm and head. Her husband, going to her assistance, was also wounded. Both were taken to hospital, where the woman died the same day. The man is still in hospital.

THE HO FAMILY ESTATE DISPUTE.

There was every reason to suppose to day that the dispute in connection with the Ho family estate raised in the Probate Court will be shortly settled. Counsel were in Chambers on Saturday and this morning, and the situation, we understand, was very fully discussed.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

St. Stephen's College will re-open to-morrow.

Prof. Middleton-Smith returned from the North to-day by the s.s. "Kaichow."

It is stated that the steamer, *Persia* (of the Pacific Mail Co.) has been purchased by the T.K.K.

Mr. H. Adair, of the Vacuum Oil Co., Bangkok, has been granted a commission in the 13th Warwick.

The sum of \$40.10, including a \$10 note, was collected on the train last week for the Prince of Wales' Fund.

It is announced, according to a cable in a Java paper, that the Allies will shortly undertake naval operations on a large scale in the Dardanelles.

A telegram in a Dutch paper says that in the neighbourhood of the Suez Canal, the Turks have blown up the railway to Coptara in two places.

The Japanese intend to establish thirty hospitals and sixty medical colleges at various important ports with a view to establishing Japanese medical prestige in China.

Two fatal cases of plague and five cases of enteric fever were reported in the Colony last week. Four of the enteric cases were Chinese, the other Spanish. One was an imported case. Three proved fatal.

Mr. Edmund Davis has been warmly thanked by M. Peisacore for his gift of works of British painters to the Luxemburg Museum, as a token of affection and admiration. The gratitude of the British people is due to one who has so happily and so generously expressed the homage of France which is in all our hearts to-day.

It is amusing to find the "Koisische Zeitung" coming to the conclusion that "Punch" is not what it was: its "gentle spiritlessness" has disappeared; it has become "personal" and "abusive." It has even been guilty of the gross breach of good taste to brand the Kaiser as perjurer and murderer, and to introduce his All-Highest peep into the same page with a gibbet.

With the hope of complying with the requirements of the Seaman's Act, effective in November, which will require that 75 per cent of the crews in all departments understand any order given by the officers in the native language of the officers, efforts had been made to teach English to Chinese crews on the Pacific Mail S.S. vessels, but the experiment failed.

Lord Kitchener says that he would like to hear the "Koisische Zeitung" which suitable young men may give for not joining the army. That is a very practical way of finding out the crews which go to make "abusers," and who hope that the faithful will be made. But it will fail of its purpose if it is supposed that the question is, "Is it not?" It is a genuine request for information.

The occupation of Belgium by the invading Hun has cost Mayoorth College in Ireland the loss of over £1,000 a year of its revenue. In the Penal days, many Irish refugees found a hospitable home in Belgium, and they attained to high positions both in Church and State. When they left, they left behind them the education of priests to serve in their native land. Over thirty students had been maintained in the college for a number of years on these Belgian foundations.

GYMKHANA TRAINING NOTES.

All the ponies entered for the principal races at the Gymkhana Meeting next Saturday afternoon were galloped this morning with the exception of Massotte, Kuzari, Bentstock and Aldwyth. The last named I am assured is a non-starter. He is reported to be sick though he looked very fit trotting round. The course was fast so some fairly good times were done, but there was no last quarter under 32.5, the majority being between 34 and 35.

Roman Chief's performance was certainly the best of the morning. Duke Dahlia did better time over the whole distance, but a comparison of their individual quarters is interesting and shows the better judgment of the Chief's jockey to that of Duke Dahlia's. There is no doubt Sedgwick could have knocked "several fifths" off his last quarter had he had a mind to do so; but why run the risk of overtraining your candidate and thus making him stale? The respective gallops were:—Roman Chief, 37, 34.2, 33.4, 32.3—217.4; Duke Dahlia, 35.2, 34.3, 33.1, 34.2—217.3. With the other gallops (shall not do today but shall give you final remarks and criticisms after I have seen the winding up gallop on Thursday morning and shall endeavor to pick out a few likely winners.

The times of this morning's gallops were as follows:—Roman Chief, Sedgwick, 1 mile, 37, 1.11.2, 1.45.1, 2.17.4; last 1.23.3. Duke Dahlia, boy, 1 mile, 35.2, 1.10, 1.43.1, 2.17.3; last 1.24.2. Sunlight, boy, 1 mile, 42, 1.20, 1.57.3, 2.33, 3.06; last 3.3.

Ping Ping, Sedgwick (1), and Alver-stoke, Gae (2), 1 mile, 34.3, 1.06.2, 1.43.2; last 1.35. Soldier, Boyd (1), and Lucky Gem, Knoll (2), 1 mile, 40.1, 1.13.4, 1.48.2; last 1.32.3; and 1.50, last 1.34.1.

Castellan, Seth, 1 mile, 44.2, 1.24.3, 2.01.3, 2.35.1, 3.08.3, 3.43; last 3.42. Saxon Chief, boy (1), and Baroda Chief, Knoll (2), 1 mile, 43.3, 1.10, 1.52, 2.25.4, 3.0; last 1.34.1; and 3.0.4, last 1.35.

Lorenzo, Forbes, and Tinker, Boyd, 1 mile, 38.2, 1.12.1, 1.44.3 last 1.32.3. Ideal Dahlia, Kreamer, 1 mile, 34, 1.00; last 1.35. Simba, Kreamer, 1 mile, 36.3, 1.11.2, 1.44.3; last 1.33.1.

THE BLACK CAT.
Since writing the above the following has been found: The office post box, having evidently been dropped there.

"A MORNING AT THE RACE COURSE."

The unusually bright and clear dawn with a slight "tang" in the air as if whispering of good cold days to follow, by and by made me feel as if I was wasting time by lying in bed in soul-clogging slumber so I tumbled out and had a cold shower whilst deciding what to do. Suddenly the Gymkhana on Saturday next darted through my head, and "Good egg" a richness to the course and some of their famous coffee whilst watching the ponies work seemed to fill the bill entirely. I had not been down since the early summer when the grass was brown and parched and crying for rain, but now what a change, the course in splendid order full of young strong green grass and sparkling with the heavy dew of the previous night and the breeze still with the "tang" which lasted until the sun got into its stride about 7.30 a.m. I wonder if the Gymkhana Club's secretary would be good enough to publish his recipe for coffee or is it a stable secret. It certainly is the best I have ever tasted, and like Chas. Dickens' lady's grog (strong, sweet and plenty of it). The same cold crowd were there, no new jocks having appeared on the scene this summer except, perhaps, Lieut. Fisher, who seems to have already got the China pony sent this, by the way, has to be acquired before one can do any good on China ponies, which have to be ridden with the heels and hands for quite a long distance from home. Now for the ponies. I had no stop watch, so was unable to take times, but in my judgment the finest looking ones were:

Saxon Chief, who beat his stable companion over a mile and a quarter.

Roman Chief, who did a mile in good style and was not ridden out.

Massotte, trotting only, but very handy and on his toes.

Aldwyth, a very handsome little white pony, but I hear has not been trained for this meeting and therefore will not run.

Duke Dahlia looks fit, but does not like galloping; it appears as if a race will have to be framed for him specially with the winning post a quarter of a mile from where it stands at present.

Tinker, in splendid condition and held Lorenzo in a gallop this morning, moving in a very determined manner.

Castellan, though perhaps a trifle on the big side, has time enough with jollions training to be nearly at his best on Saturday. He certainly looks and moves in "grand style."

Sunlight appears to my idea a bit stale. He moves very dead and takes no interest in his work. He finished badly in his last race.

Should I be energetic enough to get up early again on Thursday and see the final gallops? The editor will permit me—I will write again about my fancies and endeavor to give a few tips.

SHANGHAI.

TREATMENT FOR DYSENTERY.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy followed by a dose of castor oil will effectually cure the most stubborn cases of dysentery. It is especially good for summer diarrhoea in children. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

LATEST DETAILS OF THE HESPERIAN.

SEQUEL TO GERMAN MACHINATIONS IN U.S.A.

FURTHER DETAILS OF THE BLACK SEA ENGAGEMENT.

ANOTHER BRITISH STEAMER TORPEDOED.

GERMANY'S ARMY.

ONLY THE 1917 CLASS TO CALL UP.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE SINKING OF THE HESPERIAN.

TWO DEATHS REPORTED; 3,000 SACKS OF MAILED LOST.

LONDON, Sept. 6.
The American Consul at Queenstown reports that only one or two Americans were on board the *Hesperian*. No Americans were lost. The Allan Line has issued a notice to-night announcing that all on board have been saved.

The *Hesperian* sank at 6.47 in the morning. A wireless message says that the crew were rescued before the liner foundered.

LATER.

MAILS LOST.

It is stated that 3,000 sacks of mails went down with the liner.

THE SUBMARINE SEEN.

The submarine was seen by several from the decks of the *Hesperian*. Before the torpedo struck her on the starboard side, the Quartermaster shouted from the forward deck "Submarine on the starboard quarter."

There was then a short and startling silence followed by an explosion.

TWO LADIES SUCCUMB TO SHOCK AND INJURIES.

Miss Carberry and another elderly lady have since died of shock and from the effects of their injuries.

DETAILS OF THE TORPEDOING.

Dusk was gathering when the "Hesperian" was torpedoed. The passengers were sitting on deck after dinner, and the sea was like glass. Suddenly, the quartermaster shouted "Submarine on starboard quarter." The submarine was also seen by several passengers. The torpedo struck almost immediately forward of the engine-room and the shock tilted the deck chairs. A vast column of water rose high and fell on the deck mingled with fragments of iron, drenching everyone near.

The captain and crew displayed magnificent coolness. The watertight doors were promptly closed and boats were lowered, filled with women and children and afterwards with other passengers. There were but two cases of falls, jammed occupants in boats being thrown into the water.

It is believed that all were saved, but two ladies succumbed to shock. In response to wireless calls three Government tugs hastened to the scene, the first arriving within an hour. They picked up the occupants of the boats.

The bulk of the crew remained on board, attempting to get the wounded liner to Queenstown, till she sank. The outrage is regarded as destroying the last shreds of belief in the good faith of German assurances to America, as there is no question as to the submarine commander not being aware of the new regime since, according to Count Bernstorff, the decision to warn liners prior to sinking was adopted before August 18.

The torpedoing of the vessel has aroused much excitement and grave apprehension among the American public. President Wilson and Mr. Lansing (Home Secretary) refused to comment, but the feeling in official circles in Washington is that friendly relations are again endangered.

[The *Hesperian* was of 10,880 tons gross, and was built in 1900. Her speed was 20 knots.]

SEQUEL TO GERMAN MACHINATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

INCrimINATING DOCUMENTS SEIZED.

LONDON, Sept. 6, 4.5 p.m.
An interesting sequel to the recent revelations of German machinations in the United States has followed in the recent detention at Falmouth of an American correspondent en route to the Continent, on the ground of performing unneutral services by carrying despatches from the Austro-German Ambassadors at Washington to their Governments. The documents were confiscated and the correspondent released.

The *New York World* learns that the documents seized fully implicate the Ambassador, and includes one in which the Austrian Ambassador says: "We can organize the manufacture of munitions at the Great Bethlehem works and other centres for months." He adds the opinion of a German military attaché that this is of the greatest importance and fully outweighs the expenditure of money involved.

ANOTHER BRITISH STEAMER TORPEDOED.

LONDON, Sept. 6, 4.1 p.m.
Lloyd's report that British steamer *Cymbeline* has been sunk. Thirty-one of the crew have landed, six were killed and six injured. [The "Cymbeline" is a fast liner steamer of 2010 tons net, built at Glasgow in 1914. Built by "Armstrong-Whitworth & Co., Newcastle, in 1902, she is registered at Liverpool and owned by the Best Block Oil and Shipping Co., Ltd. Bowring and Co., Ltd., Managers.—Ed. C.M.]

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE BLACK SEA ENGAGEMENT.

FURTHER DETAILS.

LONDON, Sept. 6.
A Petrograd telegram reports that two Russian destroyers armed only with 4-inch guns yesterday attacked in the Black Sea the cruiser "Hamidieh" and two of Turkey's most modern destroyers, which were escorting four large colliers going to Constantinople. Despite the odds the Russians fought fiercely for three hours. The "Hamidieh" was hit badly, one of her 6-inch guns being smashed. Then the Turks fled, abandoning the transports. The Russians pursued, firing continuously, till near the Bosphorus, when they returned and sank the transports.

COMMISSIONS FOR BRITISH HEROES.

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Sergeant O'Leary V.C., and Private Dwyer, V.C., have been given commissions in the Northumberland Fusiliers.

ONLY THE 1917 CLASS AT GERMANY'S DISPOSAL.

LONDON, Sept. 6.
A French communiqué states that the German authorities are making a return of men from 46 to 60 years old. This shows that Germany is preoccupied with the difficult question of her effectiveness. After a year of war, with her prodigality of human life, she has no more men at her disposal than the 1917 class, less those who volunteered.

THE "ANZACS" MAKING FRESH PROGRESS.

A French official report states that the British "Anzac" troops have made fresh progress since the end of August.

CARDINAL GIBBONS' PEACE MESSAGE.

LONDON, Sept. 6.
A Rome message says the Vatican has issued a statement that Cardinal Gibbons was not the bearer of any special message from the Pope to President Wilson. Cardinal Gibbons is, however, thoroughly acquainted with the Pontiff's ideas and aims.

HOW THE ENEMY FOUND BRESLITOVSK.

LONDON, Sept. 6.
A Dutch correspondent who entered Breslitz with the Austrians writes that it could not have been worse in Moscow in 1812. He writes vivid pictures of the invaders rushing through lanes of burning houses to find something to eat and drink in perhaps a forgotten alley, but not a crust of bread was left. Every house had been fired and not a soul was visible of the 53,000 inhabitants, except a miserable family whose only possessions were a few chairs and a cradle.

MR. BALFOUR ON NAVAL WARFARE.

BRITISH FLEET STRONGER THAN EVER BEFORE.

Scathing Indictment Of German Methods.

LONDON, Sept. 6.
Mr. Balfour, First Lord of the Admiralty, in an important and striking letter to a correspondent concerning the Naval warfare, and especially the German submarine campaign, dwells on the historic position of the British Fleet in assisting to enforce the liberty of Europe.

GERMAN NAVAL DESIGNS "QUITE UNSUCCESSFUL."

German statesmen, he says, realised that the British Navy was the most formidable obstacle to their aggressive projects and calculated that a powerful fleet, even numerically inferior, would render the latter impotent, since no British Government would risk a conflict which might leave them with naval forces inferior to those of some third Power. However, their designs had been quite unsuccessful. The British fighting Fleet was relatively stronger than it was 14 months ago. Indeed, it was evident after six months of hostilities that Admiral von Tirpitz and the German Government had perceived that a new policy must be devised. They thought the submarine might succeed where their Dreadnoughts and cruisers had failed. No doubt they adopted the change with extreme reluctance. We cannot regard a Government, which is responsible for the Belgian atrocities, as scrupulous or humane, but even the most reckless Governments do not desire to perpetrate unnecessary crimes.

DISAPPOINTED HOPES.

Mr. Balfour proceeds: "It cannot have been a very agreeable reflection even to the German Navy League that the first notable performance of the German Fleet should resemble piracy rather than privateering. It is safe to assume that nothing but hopes of decisive success would have induced German Ministers to inflict this new stain on the honour of their country, yet decisive success has not been attained, and does not seem to be in sight."

GERMANY'S FORMIDABLE SUBMARINE LOSSES.

The losses inflicted on German submarines have been formidable, while British mercantile tonnage is greater now than at the beginning of the war. Not only innocent men, women, and children, but the criminals also have paid a heavy toll. They often dragged the crews with them to destruction, and herein lay the explanation of the amazing change in the diplomatic attitude of Germany towards the United States.

CRIMES IN MAY, BLUNDERS IN SEPTEMBER.

Men ask themselves why the sinking of the "Lusitania" was welcomed in Germany with a shout of triumph and the sinking of the "Ambia" accepted in melancholy silence? Was it because the United States had become stronger or Germany weaker, because the attitude of the President varied or the arguments of the Secretary of State became more persuasive, or because German opinion had at length revolted against such lawless cruelty? No, the reason is that the authors of the submarine policy had time to measure its effects and what were merely crimes in May were seen to be blunders in September.

THE TSAR AT THE FRONT.

LONDON, Sept. 6.
The Tsar has arrived at the front, says a Petrograd telegram.

RUSSIANS RE-CROSS THE DVINA.

LONDON, Sept. 6.
A telegram from Petrograd states that the Russians, faced with reinforced Germans in the region of Friedland, were forced to re-cross the Dvina near Linden, after heavy fighting.
The Russians will keep the Germans near Vilna in their old positions. They successfully repulsed a German onslaught in the region of Grodno which was intended to cut the line of retreat, and also ward off others, making prisoners.

FRENCH STATESMEN VISIT BRITISH FLEET.

LONDON, September 6.
M. Fiehon and other French statesmen and writers visited the British Fleet somewhere off Scotland. They will also see elsewhere what Great Britain is doing to strengthen the forces of the Allies.

BY TELEGRAPH.

RUSSIAN'S DETERMINATION.

STANDING FOR "LIBERTY AND THE INDEPENDENCE OF THE PEACE."

LONDON, Sept. 6.
A Petrograd telegram states that the Tsar replied to the resolution passed in Moscow regarding munitions as follows: "I believe in your sincerity and fully share your opinion that all our forces should be directed to achieve one object, the vanquishing of the enemy. The union of the Tsar, the Government, and people is especially necessary."

Baron Rosen (formerly Russian Ambassador to the United States) made a great speech at the Council of Empire.

Baron Rosen said that Germany's doctrines were a terrible danger to the world must be made to realise that Russia must counteract the German propaganda. The Government should abrogate all legislation restricting the rights of Jews and also restriction in Finland. Such measures would greatly please our gallant Allies. He concluded: "Germany tries to trample down all right, but Russia stands on the side of liberty and the independence of the world."

It will be remembered that Baron Rosen in January, 1914, caused a sensation by confidently declaring that an international conflagration was imminent.

NAVAL ENCOUNTER IN THE BLACK SEA.

A Two Hours' Action.

LONDON, Sept. 6.
A Petrograd communiqué says that two Russian destroyers attacked near Zungulak the Turkish cruiser "Hamidieh" and two torpedo-boats. The enemy was damaged and fled into the Bosphorus after an action lasting for two hours, leaving four colliers, which were sunk.

ACTION NORTH OF GULF OF RIGA.

LONDON, Sept. 6.
German hydroplanes says a telegram from Petrograd, appeared north of the Gulf of Riga on the 3rd and 4th inst. They bombed Russian torpedo-boats but were driven off by the ships' guns.

MACAO AS SEEN BY THE ANGELS OF MONS.

A NEW-COMER.

Macao might be described as the Mecca of those who retain through life the dream of youth. "Something for nothing." Here in the self-confessed gambling-houses ("first class") are gifts without the asking, offerings to be consumed at the shrine of My Lady Nicotine. Gifts without the asking—but what of those to be had, maybe, for the seeking? Here is wealth to dazzle the greatest Tycoon, and all you have to do is to guess the right one of four numbers! But the chances are always with the bank, and for only a few lucky ones, who have wisdom enough to step when they have won, is the vision of great wealth worth anything else than a nightmare of considerable savings lost.

If some confirmed gambler were to write a volume on gambling places of the world, he would, I imagine, be tempted to give a little corner to Macao. One goes up from Hongkong on a neat little boat such as the "Queen Chow," with the skipper full of interesting information and anecdote. Grimm or Andersen were good enough for the days of our youth, but now the imagination is enlivened by the story of a Hong Kong clerk who went up on a Sunday trip and in two hours won \$15,000, and lived like a Tycoon ever afterwards. There was an essay as school once—"What I should do if I were a millionaire."

The Macao light was seen, and later the lights of the town and the junks twinkled and grew, and the sound of unbroken music was borne upwards from the waters as the ship moved slowly in. Up among the old quaint cobble-paved streets to the gambling-houses went I, with none of a gambler's lust but with a great curiosity. The outside was highly decorated, the inside simple when it wasn't dirty. Here on the ground floor was the table, the croupier at one end, his assistants along one side, and the gamblers at the others, as well as on a second and third floor overlooking the table. They were beginning to stake, putting notes into little baskets and saying a formula. Now the croupier took a large handful of cash from the stock in front of him and placing it about eighteen inches away, began counting it back to stock by fours with a wand. One, two, three, four—a big stack yet. Now it dwindled. Would three come up? My stake was small and my anxiety slight, and on looking round I felt that the others hid their feelings, extremely well. Once an old man got up and went away with a curse, but the rest of them might have been playing "for love." Yet some were large gamblers.

Monte Carlo suggested itself. Here was no great casino, here no flushed faces and trembling hands, no tradition of suicides in the gardens. In Macao the pulse is lightly stirred with curiosity. The house is well-lit and warm, most people are chewing nuts and smoking. It is more orderly than the general meeting of the village club.

So much for fun-tan. Macao itself is pretty, and a pleasant change. Rickshaws riding down hill over cobbles has a certain liveliness. The costume of the wild woolly west is noted in the streets, worn by the Portuguese guardians of law and order. At the entrance to the well-made praga, or marine drive, is a really interesting joss-house, with vantage taken of the broken hill to make cunningly contrived by-shrines all the way up the steps to the main temple. "Up a thousand steps I climb with pain," the devotee might say, know to the right of Sir Galahad. Next in interest came the Tablis Gardens, lately laid out, and with a "landslide" in being, reminding me of that other one in Hongkong. Later a beautiful Chinese residence and the solitary ruin of a fine Cathedral—said to be still in ruins, and the steamer for the return journey to Hongkong.

EVIDENCE OF A BRITISH NURSE.

The Beloved of the Wounded.

That is the honoured title which near a twelvemonth of self-sacrificing devotion in the cause of French Red Cross work has earned for Miss Phyllis Campbell—the heroine of the article in the *Occult Review* (recently reproduced in *The Evening News*) telling of talks with wounded soldiers who declared that they saw the angels at Mons. With the object of proving the remarkable evidence, a representative of *The Evening News* called upon Miss Campbell. She submitted cheerfully to a rigorous cross-examination, and made no attempt to bolster up possible weak points in her narrative; while, on the contrary, she resisted the more subtle attempts, by leading questions and suggestions, to stretch or embroider her story in the slightest degree.

Miss Campbell was born in Australia, twenty-one years ago. She is a cousin of the late Lord Archibald Campbell, and with her parents came to England at the age of seven. A few years later she went to school at Passy, in France, with an elder sister, and since then has lived in Paris and at Roscoff, in Brittany.

"I paid little attention to the stories at the time," she said. "Then came those awful days of Mons. The Commandant had warned us to be ready for evacuating the base at a moment's notice. But we hung on."

"Train after train crept into the forest without light, almost without a sound. We went round with small lanterns, had to climb from the ground into cattle trucks, and then sort the living from the dead. This was the first stopping place."

"I HAVE SEEN ST. GEORGE."

"It was pitch dark, and I was tending a poor French fellow when the Lady President of the post called me. 'Miss Campbell,' she said, 'there is an English soldier in the fifth wagon—he wants a holy picture.'"

"It seemed an extraordinary thing to ask for in that awful scene, but I went to him. 'Miss,' he asked, 'please give me a picture of St. George. I want a picture or a medal, because I have seen St. George on a white horse.'"

"An R.F.A. man lying near by corroborated this amazing statement. 'It's true, sister,' he interjected, 'we all saw it.' While helping to make these men as comfortable as possible, I questioned them. Yes, they had seen it; others had seen it from different points of the battle. There was no doubt about it. St. George had saved them all from utter annihilation."

"They had seen him come out of a funny-looking cloud of light. He was a tall man with yellow hair, in golden armour, and was riding a white horse. He was holding a sword above his head. Then came the order to advance, and the German horde were in full flight."

"But why had they fled—none could say, for the British were hopelessly outnumbered."

TESTIMONY FROM THE FRENCH.
"Later, during that awful night, I tended French soldiers who all brought, in effect, the same testimony. But some of these poor fellows said it was Joan of Arc, while others said it was St. Michael. When God sent St. Michael to fight for us," they said, "then the case is hard indeed."

"One French soldier—he was a sergeant-major, and has since been given an adjutantcy—was particularly explicit and lucid in his account of the vision. He had seen Joan of Arc leading them on to victory. She was brandishing a sword and rode a white charger."

"On this night there were six of us women at the post, including Madame de A., the president. Similar stories were told by all of us, except one who was mounting guard over some wounded Germans."

BY TELEGRAPH.

GRAIN FOR ENGLAND BURNED.

Rescue's Service to the China Mail.

LONDON, Sept. 6.
A New York message says that one of the largest grain elevators in America, at Newport News, containing 500,000 bushels of grain destined for Great Britain, has been destroyed by fire.

Two British steamers escaped, undamaged.

The police believe it to be a case of incendiarism by German propagandists.

OBITUARY.

Sir John Fuller, K.C.M.G.

The death has occurred of Sir John Michael Fleetwood Fuller, K.C.M.G., Governor of Victoria, Australia, since 1911. Sir John was A. D. C. to the Viceroy of India in 1894-5 and on his return entered Parliament for Wiltshire and became a Junior Lord of the Treasury. He was born in 1864.

Sir William Plowden.

The death is announced of Sir William Chichele Plowden, K.C.S.I., Secretary of the Board of Revenue of N. W. Provinces and a member of the Legislative Council, Calcutta, formerly M.P. for Wolverhampton. He was born in 1832.

KWANGTUNG FLOOD RELIEF FUND.

The Tung Wo Hospital begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donations to the Kwangtung Flood Relief Fund—
T.T. from Sunabaya \$ 4,000.00
Per Mr. Cheng Chi Yung of Messrs. Him Wo, Bangkok 1,419.91
Per Mr. Chee Chio Theng from the Chinese Merchants' Association, Singapore 705.00
Siam Currency 8533 \$11,297.85
Already acknowledged \$517,545.06
Total \$517,545.06

CONTRACTORS' CLAIM.

Before Mr. Justice Gompertz, in the Summary Court this morning the Wing Cheong Yee Koo firm of contractors, 19 Gage Street, sued Cheong Po Nam and Tang Shun Loong, merchants, 12 Queen's Street, for the sum of \$316.70 due for work and labour done and materials supplied on respect to fittings and repairs on premises 83 Jervois Street.

Mr. Mason, of Messrs. Dalmeida and Mason, appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. Preston, of Messrs. Johnstone, Stokes and Master, represented the second defendant. Mr. Mason called evidence in support of the claim and also to prove that the second defendant was a partner.

Answering Mr. Preston, a witness for the plaintiff said the second defendant engaged him and said he had a \$2,000 share.

Addressing his Lordship, Mr. Mason said he thought it was clearly established that the second defendant was a partner. He now denied that he was, though it might have been merely "swank." Mr. Mason suggested that the second defendant had held himself out as a partner.

Mr. Preston mentioned that the first defendant had disappeared. The writ was issued in July and the work took place in the fourth month of last year. None of the folks in the defendant's shop had been paid their wages and what was a significant fact was that neither of them had approached the second defendant for the wages.

Judgment was given against the first and second defendants.

Officers of high rank, a Roman Catholic priest, and English and French soldiers.

IRISH GUARDIEN'S NARRATIVE.

"I had the testimony, amongst others, of three poor fellows of the Irish Guard. One of them was an enormous man who stood over 6ft. 6in."

"St. George was in golden armour, bush-headed, and riding a white horse. He cried, 'Come on!' as he brandished his sword. This had occurred at the most critical point of the retreat."

"They had given themselves up for lost; nothing known to them could save them. Then, suddenly there had been the intervention from Heaven, and to their amazement the Germans were in full retreat."

"The French testimony differed. Some said it was Joan of Arc, that she was bush-headed, riding a white horse and flourishing a sword; as she called 'Advance!' Others said St. Michael the Archangel, clad in golden armour, bush-headed, riding a white horse, and crying 'Victory!' as he brandished his sword."

"These eye witnesses came from widely separated points of the field of battle. I cannot give names of places; nor, even could the officers do this. They had been retreating and fighting for days and nights. None knew where they were."

Miss Campbell said that her French colleagues at "The Place in the Forest" could supply corroborative testimony. She would see, she said, if she could get written statements to that effect.

To-day's Advertisements.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL, KOWLOON.

THE above SCHOOL will RE-OPEN on September 15.

Bongkong, Sept. 7, 1915. 773

CHRONIC DIARRHOEA.

IF you suffer to all attacks of diarrhoea? A known absolutely quiet for a few days, as in bed if possible, be careful of your diet and take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This medicine has been a cure of chronic diarrhoea that has for a long time failed on all other remedies. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

CURADERMA—THE NEW SKIN SPECIFIC

A radical and permanent cure for Dhoobie Itch, Ringworm, Chinese Ringworm and the unsightly parasitic diseases of the skin so prevalent in the East.

Price \$1.00 per bottle.

QUEEN'S DISPENSARY

Tel. 492.

31, Queen's Road, Central.

THE 'CHINA MAIL'

Typhoon Map and Guide

WITH TABLE AND TRACKS OF PAST DISTURBANCES

Price 50 cents.

THE HANDY BOAT FOR MACAO.

THE S.S. "CHUEN CHOW"

THE ONLY BOAT LEAVING AT 3 P.M. EVERY DAY.

Back again by noon on the following day

SUNDAY—Leaves Macao 1.30 P.M. Arrives Hongkong about 6 P.M.

FARES:—First Class \$2 Single; \$3 Return (Saloon).

Second Class \$1 " " \$1.50 " (Saloon) for Chinese.
Second Class 60 cts. Single; \$1 Return

Electric Fans throughout. First Class Attention. Ample Saloons and Cabin Accommodation.
Passengers may sleep on board without additional charge on return tickets only.

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MINERAL ROOFING.

NOT THE SAME AS OTHERS.

As a roof covering in place of slate, tile, iron or shingles Malthoid Roofing is steadily increasing in popularity. It affords perfect protection from the weather, is water, acid, alkali proof, and highly fire resisting. It is inexpensive and easy to lay.

"It is in use all over the world."
"It is in use all over the world, and it is not."
—Messrs. Bradleys.

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BOLS' FINE OLD GENEVA & LIQUEURS.

Curacao Creme De Menthe Kummel Maraschino.

Recognised as the Finest Liqueurs on the Market.

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6, Queen's Road Central.

Tel. No. 135

HO-GEONG.

EXTRA TO THE CHINA MAIL.

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1915.

THE BOWEN ROAD DOG CASE.

The case in which Mr. M. J. D. Stephens summoned Dr. K. Weigelsberg, 4, The Albany, for having an unmuzzled dog on the Bowen Road, was continued at the Police Court to-day.

Mr. Stephens said there was a point he raised last time which Mr. D'Almada objected to and he would like his Worship to re-call Mrs. Stephens and read over her evidence to her and get her to prove the story of the muzzle. He referred his Worship to the muzzling order, which came into force on the 21st August and this dog attacked his dog on the 24th. He contended that the dog was not properly muzzled. It was very badly muzzled, improperly muzzled. He should also tell his Worship that since that date he had not liked to go a walk through this dog. He was not the only one that complained of the dog.

Mr. D'Almada: That is not the subject of the charge.

Mr. Stephens: It is.

Mr. D'Almada protested this was a waste of the Court's time and of his own.

Mr. Stephens: It is the subject of the charge, whatever you say. This dog should be destroyed. The police should destroy it because it will do something worse and it must be destroyed.

Mr. D'Almada: My friend has closed his case.

His Worship read over the evidence of Mrs. Stephens, and she said the muzzle on the dog was not the one produced in Court. She could swear to that.

Cross-examined by Mr. D'Almada, she said she could not say how long the dogs were fighting because she did not take out her watch.

Mr. D'Almada said he appreciated the fact that she would not do that, but suggested a minute.—Yes, certainly, a minute.

Mrs. Stephens said she saw the defendant's dog's muzzle hanging on its neck. The one produced was not the same as the one it was wearing on Sunday.

Mr. D'Almada said they were only concerned with the previous instance.

Mr. Stephens said it seemed no use to prolong the case. He supposed it must rest on whose evidence was taken.

Mr. D'Almada said his client's dog was muzzled in accordance with the regulations. He would call evidence to prove that.

Mrs. Harker, of the Albany, gave evidence in support and said the dog was always properly muzzled.

Defendant in the box stated he had taken particular care about the muzzle ever since he had been fined \$5 when the dog was out unmuzzled through a servant's negligence.

Mr. Stephens argued that the dog was an abominable animal and ought to be destroyed. "The man ought to be fined. The dog ought to be fined and the man ought to be punished," he added.

His Worship held that a technical offence had been committed as he believed a dog-owner ought to take the necessary precautions to ensure that the muzzle properly fitted the dog. He fined defendant \$5.

Mr. Stephens: I thank your Worship. I am much obliged to your Worship. I am going. I have had enough.

ALLEGED FRAUD.

Cheung Chak Man was charged before Mr. Lindell at the Police Court this afternoon with obtaining the sum of \$1580.00 by false pretence from Luk Man Chu-k by representing to the latter that he could secure for him the Comradeship of the s.s. "Tjaskere," of the Java, China, and Japan Lines.

Complainant was approached in the first week in May by the defendant who, it was alleged, offered to secure him the Comradeship upon payment of the sum mentioned, which he afterwards said he had paid over to the J. O. J. line.

Mr. C. A. Russ prosecuted, Mr. Dixon defending.

Mr. Russ said there were two charges; first, of unlawfully obtaining the money, and secondly of converting it to his own use. The plaintiff and defendant knew each other well, smoking opium together every night. Defendant said that the J. O. J. line had just put on new ship, and he had great influence and could secure complainant the comradeship if the latter could put down \$1580 security. The money was paid over to defendant a few days later but nothing happened, and when inquiries were made the J. O. J. line said they knew nothing whatever about defendant, had received no money from him, and had never as a matter of fact appointed the comrades for the ship.

The bookkeeper of the J. O. J. line gave evidence in support.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Wah Tsz Yat Po's Service.)

THE CITIZENS' CONFERENCE

PEKING, Sept. 6.

A mandate proclaims the 20th and 30th October and the 20th November as the dates for electing members for the Citizens' Conference.

KWANGTUNG OFFICIAL'S RESIGNATION.

A mandate allows Ng Chi Hoi, chief secretary of Kwangtung High Court, to resign.

SANITARY BOARD.

TO-DAY'S MEETING.

The Sanitary Board held their usual fortnightly meeting this afternoon, Mr. G. N. Orme presiding. There were also present Dr. Fitzwilliams, Colonel Crisp, Dr. Pearse, (Medical Officer of Health), Mr. Ng Hon Tsz, Mr. Chan Kai Ming, and Mr. Bowen Rolands (secretary).

PRESIDENTIAL CHANGE.

A letter was read from the Government re the appointment of Mr. D. W. Stratman to act as head of the Sanitary Board, on the transfer of Mr. Orme to the Supreme Court.

The letter was laid on the table. The President at the conclusion of the meeting thanked the members of the Board for the courtesy shown to him during the time he had held the position. He was sorry he had not been able to do more to further the efforts of the Board in the direction of many reforms which they all desired and which were rather hard to achieve in so short a space of time.

CONSERVANCY CONTRACT.

The Board again had on the agenda for discussion the terms and conditions of the conservancy contract for the village of Shaukiwan, &c.

The Chairman moved that tenders be called for the contract.

Mr. Chan Kai Ming seconded and the matter was approved.

AN OFFENSIVE TRADE.

An application for an offensive trade license at Nos. 1 and 2 Sai Kung Road, Kowloon, was approved.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Corps Orders by Lieut.-Col. A. Chapman, V.D.

LEAVE.

Corpl. A. Whitelaw is granted leave of absence from 2. 9. 15 to 23. 9. 15.
Pte. H. Green is granted leave of absence from 24. 9. 15 to 24. 7. 16.

PARADES.

Parades for Wednesday, 8th instant at 5.30 p.m.

Right Section M.G. Co., Section drill and Skirmishing on Cricket Ground, Recreation, Squad drill and rifle exercises on Cricket Ground.

Signalling Section—Squad drill and Skirmishing at Headquarters. Articles of uniform, the issue of which to certain members was authorised at the parade on 25. 8. 15, are to be drawn at this parade.

DETAILS.

Gun Club Hill, Kowloon.
On duty until morning of 13th instant—H.K.V.R.

Next for duty Right Section M.G. Co. Officer on duty Lieut. Kennett.

DETENTION CAMP, KOWLOON.

On duty until morning of 13th instant—H.K.V.R.

Sept. 15th Scout's Company, Lieut. Murphy.

Sept. 16th Scouts Company, Capt. Hutchinson.

Sept. 15th Scouts Company, Captain Stewart.

Sept. 16th Centre Section M.G. Co. Capt. Wood.

Sept. 17th No. 1 Sec. Art. Batty and Left Sec. M.G. Co. Lieut. Rees.

Sept. 18th Civil Service Company Capt. Churchill.

Sept. 19th No. 2 Section Art. Batty. Lieut. Danby.

Orderly Officer 13th to 20th instant—Lieut. Wright.

Orderly Sergeant 13th to 20th instant—Corpl. Hamilton.

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